

$$\begin{aligned} \text{pH} + \text{pOH} &= 14 & \text{pH} &= -\log[\text{H}^+] & \text{pOH} &= -\log[\text{OH}^-] & \text{pH} \\ -\text{pH} &= \log[\text{H}^+] & -\text{pOH} &= \log[\text{OH}^-] & & & \begin{array}{c} \text{pOH} \\ \boxed{\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ \text{Base} \\ 7 \\ \text{Acid} \\ 7 \\ \text{Base} \\ 0 \end{array}} \end{array} \\ [\text{H}^+][\text{OH}^-] &= 1.0 \times 10^{-14} & 10^{-\text{pH}} &= [\text{H}^+] & 10^{-\text{pOH}} &= [\text{OH}^-] \end{aligned}$$

pH

Acids and Bases WS

1. Calculate the pH of the solutions, and state whether each is an acid, base, or neutral.

a) 0.0000001 M H^+	$\text{pH} = -\log[1 \times 10^{-7}]$	7	neutral
b) 0.00001 M OH^-	$\text{pOH} = -\log[1 \times 10^{-5}] = 5$ $14 - 5 = 9$	9	base

2. Calculate the H^+ ion concentration, and state whether each is an acid, base, or neutral.

a) $\text{pH} = 6$	$[\text{H}^+] = 10^{-6}$	1×10^{-6}	acid
b) $\text{pH} = 9$	$[\text{H}^+] = 10^{-9}$	1×10^{-9}	base
c) $\text{pOH} = 3$	$\text{pH} = 14 - 3 = 11$ $[\text{H}^+] = 10^{-11}$	1×10^{-11}	base
d) $\text{pOH} = 12$	$\text{pH} = 14 - 12 = 2$ $[\text{H}^+] = 10^{-2}$	1×10^{-2}	acid

3. Calculate the H^+ ion concentration, and state whether each is an acid, base, or neutral.

a) $[\text{OH}^-] = 1.51 \times 10^{-6}$	$\text{pOH} = -\log[1.51 \times 10^{-6}] = 5.82 \dots$ $\text{pH} = 14 - 5.82 = 8.18 \dots$	6.62×10^{-9}	base
b) $[\text{OH}^-] = 3.46 \times 10^{-10}$	$\text{pOH} = -\log[3.46 \times 10^{-10}] = 9.46 \dots$ $\text{pH} = 14 - 9.46 = 4.54 \dots$	2.89×10^{-5}	acid

4. Calculate the OH^- ion concentration, and state whether each is an acid, base, or neutral.

a) $[\text{H}^+] = 2.80 \times 10^{-1}$	$\text{pH} = -\log[2.80 \times 10^{-1}] = .55 \dots$ $\text{pOH} = 13.4 \dots$	3.57×10^{-14}	acid
b) $[\text{H}^+] = 7.58 \times 10^{-8}$	$\text{pH} = -\log[7.58 \times 10^{-8}] = 7.12 \dots$ $\text{pOH} = 14 - 7.12 = 6.88 \dots$	1.32×10^{-7}	base

5. Calculate the pH, and state whether each is an acid, base, or neutral.

a) $\text{pOH} = 6.58$	$14 - 6.58 = 7.42$	7.42	base
b) $\text{pOH} = 8.52$	$14 - 8.52 =$	5.48	acid

6. Calculate the pOH, and state whether each is an acid, base, or neutral.

a) $\text{pH} = 11.56$	$14 - 11.56 = 2.44$	2.44	base
b) $\text{pH} = 2.33$	$14 - 2.33 = 11.67$	11.67	acid

7. Complete the following table

$[\text{H}^+]$	pH	pOH	$[\text{OH}^-]$	Acid, base, or neutral?
$1.62 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M}$	8.99	5.01	$9.77 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$	base
$1.15 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M}$	8.94	5.06	$8.71 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M}$	base
$7.28 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$	2.14	11.86	$1.38 \times 10^{-12} \text{ M}$	acid
$.331 \text{ M}$.48	13.52	$2.99 \times 10^{-14} \text{ M}$	acid
$1.61 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M}$	7.794	6.206	$6.23 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M}$	base
$2.75 \times 10^{-11} \text{ M}$	10.56	3.44	$3.63 \times 10^4 \text{ M}$	base
$4.61 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$	4.34	9.66	$2.19 \times 10^{10} \text{ M}$	acid
$.6224 \text{ M}$	1.65	12.35	$4.47 \times 10^{-13} \text{ M}$	acid