

Locations

Anterior
Posterior
Superior
Inferior
Medial
Lateral
Occipital
Temporal
Proximal
Distal
Deep
Superficial

Tissues

Simple Squamous
Stratified Squamous
Cuboidal
Columnar
Goblet
Ciliated
Mucous
Protection
Gaseous Exchange
Skeletal
Smooth
Cardiac
Voluntary
Involuntary
Adipose
Adipocyte
Cartilage
Chondrocyte
Bone
Osteon
Cannaliculi
Haversian Canal
Lacunae
Lamella

Integument

Keratin
Melanocyte
Melanin
Stratum Basale
Stratum Spinosum
Stratum Granulosum
Stratum Lucidum

Stratum Corneum
Merkel cells
Meisner corpuscle
Pascinian Corpuscle
Sebaceous Gland
Sudoriferous Gland
Apocrine
Eccrine Gland
Arrector Pilli muscle

Skeletal

Humerus
Radius
Ulna
Olecranon Process
Carpals
Metacarpals
Phalanges
Manubrium
Gladiolus
Xiphoid
Ribs 7,5,2
Ilium
Ischium
Pubis
Cervical
Lumbar
Thoracic
Sacral
Coccyx
Spinous Process
Symphysis Pubis
Obturator Foramen
Acetabulum
Glenoid Cavity
Scapula
Clavicle
Neck
Femur
Patella
Tibia
Fibula
Calcaneous
Talus
Tarsals
Metatarsals
Phalanges

Skull

Crista Galli
Ethmoid
Cribriform Plate
Anterior Foramen
Suture
Frontal
Parietal
Temporal
Occipital
Styloid process
Zygomatic
Maxilla
Mandible
Nasal
Incisors
Canines
Bicuspid
Molars

Muscle

Contract
Xiphohumeralis
Pectoralis major
Pectoralis minor
Pectoantebrachialis
External oblique
Internal oblique
Latissimus Dorsi
Transversus Abdominus
Rectus Abdominus
Gluteus Maximus
Gluteus Medius
Deltoid
Sartorius
Gastrocnemius
Clavotrapizus
Acromio
Spino
Intercostals

Blood

Erythrocyte
Hemoglobin
Iron

RBC
WBC
Biconcave
Leukocyte
Neutrophil
Basophil
Eosinophil
Hematopoiesis
Bone Marrow
A
B
AB
O

Joints

Amphiarthrosis
Diarthrosis
Synarthrosis
Arthritis
Cartilage
Suture

Cardiac

Left Ventricle
Right Ventricle
Left Atrium
Right Atrium
Interventricular Septum
Interatrial Septum
PQRST
Tricuspid
Mitral
Bicuspid
Chordae Tendinae
Papillary Muscles
Carbaminohemoglobin
Oxyhemoglobin
Aorta
Congestive Heart Failure
Myocardial Infarction
Ischemia

Lymphatic

Pharyngeal Tonsils
Lingual Tonsils
Palatine Tonsils
Inguinal/Groin

Axillary	Corpus Callosum
Neck	Brain Stem
Cardiovascular	
Respiratory	Special Senses
Nasal	Sclera
Warm and Moisture	Conjunctiva
Nasopharynx	Lens
Oropharynx	Pupil
Laryngeopharynx	Fovea Centralis
Trachea	Rods
Bronchi	Cones
Bronchioles	Aqueous Humor
Alveoli	Vitreous Humor
Diaphragm	Optic Nerve
3 lobes / 2 lobes	Malleous
Oxygen	Incus
Carbon Dioxide	Stapes
CPR	Tympanic Membrane
AED	Auditory Tube
Hard and Fast	Cochlea
30:2	Pinna
Chest rise/fall	Cartilage
Nervous	Cerumen
Axon	Endocrine
Dendrite	Pineal – Melatonin
Node of Ranvier	Hypothalamus – Oxytocin/ADH
Dopamine	Pituitary Posterior(master) –
CNS	Oxytocin
PNS	Pituitary Anterior – control
12 cranial nerves	secondary hormones
Neuroglia (nerve glue)	Thyroid – Thyroxine
Cauda Equina	Parathyroid – PTH
Myelin Sheath	Thymus – Thymosin
Brain	Adrenal – Epinephrine
Pons	Pancreas – Insulin and Glucagon
Cerebrum	Gonads
Cerebellum	Testes
3 rd ventricle	Ovaries
4 th ventricle	
Aqueduct of Silvius	Digestion
Optic Chiasm	Lingual
Optic Nerve	Esophagus
Olfactory Bulb	Gastroesophageal
Pons	Pyloric
Corpora Quadrigemina	

Ileoceal Valve
Internal Anal Sphincter
External Anal Sphincter
Cardiac region of stomach
Rugae
Chyme
CCK
Villi
Mucosa
Submucosa
Muscularis
Serosa
Duodenum
Jejunum
Ilium
Ascending
Transverse
Descending
Rectum
Water/Liquids
Liver
Gall Bladder
Bile
tylenol

Vagina
Cervix
Uterus
Fallopian Tubes
Ovary
Labia

Urinary

Ibuprofen
Kidney
Loop of henle
Kidney stone
Ureter
Bladder
Transitional epithelium
Urethra
Catheter

Reproductive

Glans
Shaft
Tunica Albuginea
Epididymus
Prostate
Ejaculatory Duct
Clitoris
Hymen