

## FST 3-5 Notes

Topic: The Graph Scale-Change Theorem

GOAL: Apply the Graph Scale Change Theorem to all relations.

### SPUR Objectives

C Use the Graph Scale-Change Theorem to find transformation images.

D Describe the effects of translations and scale changes on functions and their graphs.

J Apply the Graph-Translation Theorem or the Graph Scale-Change Theorem to make or identify graphs.

### Vocabulary

horizontal and vertical

scale change

scale factor

size change

horizontal scale factor A transformation that maps  $(x, y)$  to  $(ax, y)$  for all  $(x, y)$ , where  $a \neq 0$  is a constant.

vertical scale change A transformation that maps  $(x, y)$  to  $(x, by)$ , where  $b \neq 0$  is a constant.

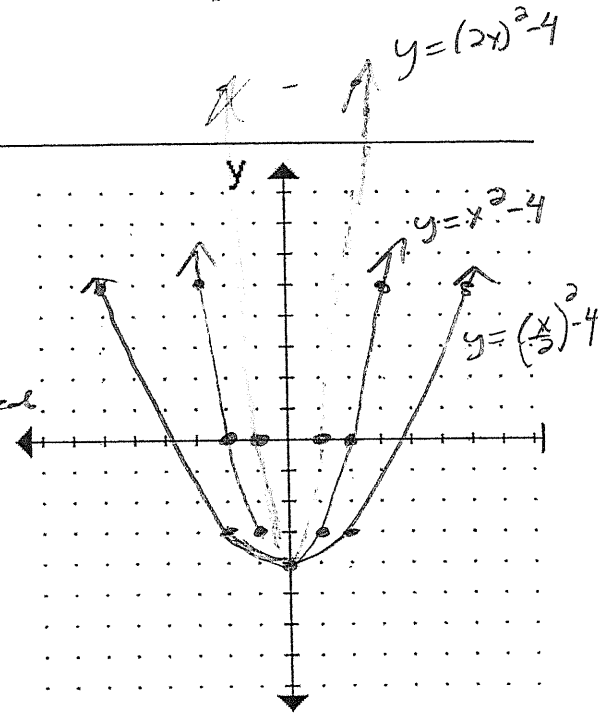
scale change (in the plane) A transformation that maps  $(x, y)$  to  $(ax, by)$ , where  $a \neq 0$  and  $b \neq 0$  are constants.

scale factor The nonzero constant by which each data value is multiplied in a scale change.

size change A scale change in which the scale factors are equal; a transformation that maps  $(x, y)$  to  $(kx, ky)$ , where  $k$  is a nonzero constant.

**Horizontal Scale Changes**

- Use your calculator to graph  $y = x^2 - 4$ .  
Sketch the graph in the space provided at the right.  
Be sure to label all intercepts (x and y).
- Graph  $y = (2x)^2 - 4$  on the same set of axes.



Q1: How did the equation change?  
x multiplied by 2, then squared.

Q2: What changed in your graph? How did it change?  
Horizontal shrink by  $\frac{1}{2}$

Q3: What stayed the same in graphs from steps 1 & 2.  
Vertex (0, -4) same

- Graph  $y = \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 - 4$  on the same set of axes above.

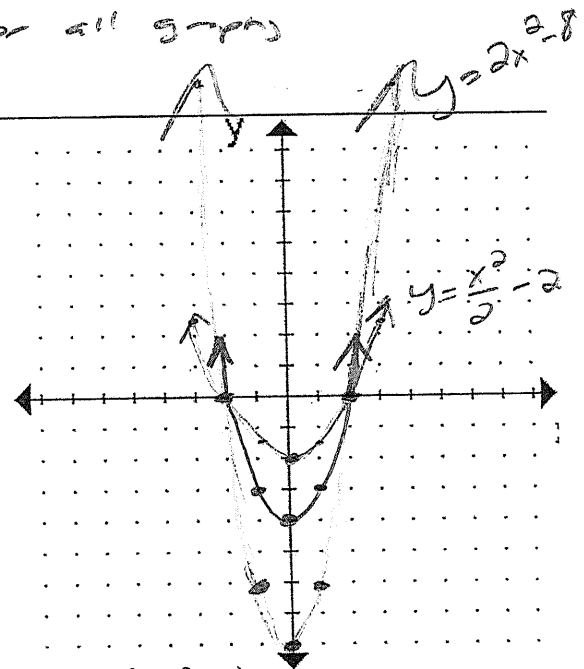
Q4: How did the equation change in step 3 from the original equation in step 1?  
x divided by 2, then squared

Q5: What changed in the graph? How did it change? Horizontal stretch by 2  
Q6: What stayed the same in all 3 graphs?

Vertex (0, -4) same for all graphs

**Vertical Scale Changes**

- Graph  $y = x^2 - 4$  at the right again.  
Be sure to label all intercepts (x and y).
- Graph  $2y = x^2 - 4$  on the same set of axes.  
(Hint: Solve equation for y)



Q7: How did the equation change?  
 $x^2$  was divided by 2 and -4 was divided by 2

Q8: What changed in your graph? How did it change?  
Vertical shrink by  $\frac{1}{2}$

Q9: What stayed the same in graphs from steps 4 & 5.  
x-intercepts are same

- Graph  $\frac{y}{2} = x^2 - 4$  on the same set of axes above. (Hint: Solve equation for y)

Q10: How did the equation change in step 6 from the original equation in step 4?  
multiplied by 2

Q11: What changed in the graph? How did it change? Vertical stretch by 2

Q12: What stayed the same in all 3 graphs?  
x-intercepts are same

Graph Scale-Change Rule:  $S(x, y) = (ax, by)$

Where:      a      is the horizontal scale factor  
               b      is the vertical scale factor

**Recall**

**Translation Rule:**  $T(x, y) \rightarrow (x + h, y + k)$

*↗ up "k" units*

*↘ right "h" units*

In equation form, the 'opposite' happened – addition in the translation rule corresponded to subtraction in the equation

If  $y = f(x)$  was translated by the rule above, the new equation would be  
 $y - k = f(x - h)$

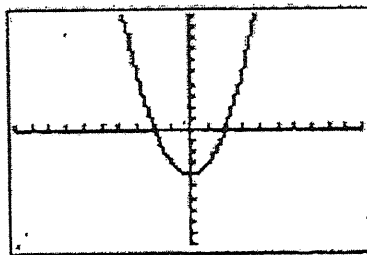
**The same 'opposite' happens between the rule for scale change and the equation**

Multiplication in rule corresponds to division in equation

Division in rule corresponds to multiplication in equation

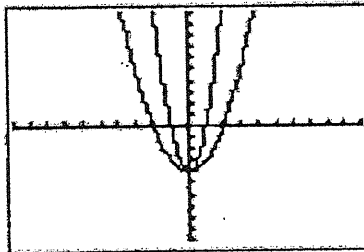
From Activity:

$$y = x^2 - 4$$



• Original

$$y = (2x)^2 - 4$$

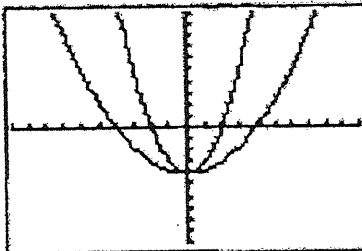


• Horizontal Shrink by  $\frac{1}{2}$

$$S(x, y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{x}{2}, y\right)$$

OR  
 $\left(\frac{1}{2}x, y\right)$

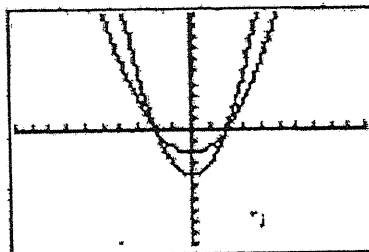
$$y = \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 - 4$$



• Horizontal stretch by 2

$$S(x, y) \rightarrow (2x, y)$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{4}{2}$$



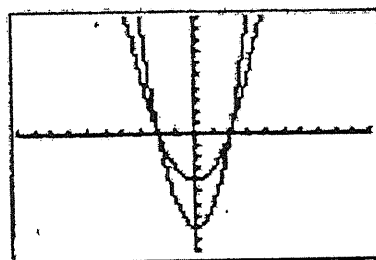
• Vertical shrink by  $\frac{1}{2}$

$$S(x, y) \rightarrow \left(x, \frac{y}{2}\right)$$

OR  
 $\left(x, \frac{1}{2}y\right)$

$$2\left(\frac{y}{2}\right) = 2\left(\frac{x^2}{2} - 2\right)$$

$$y = 2x^2 - 8$$

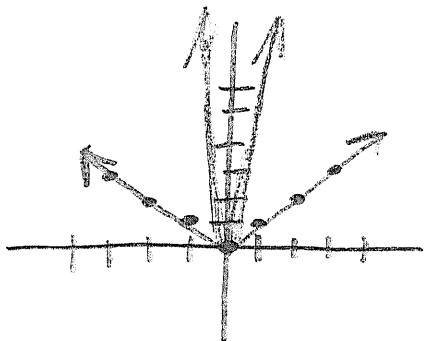


• Vertical stretch by 2

$$S(x, y) \rightarrow (x, 2y)$$

### Additional Example 1

Sketch and compare the graphs of  $y = |x|$  and  $\frac{y}{4} = |6x|$ . Describe the transformation that maps the first graph onto the second.



$$\frac{y}{4} = |6x|$$

$$y = 4|6x|$$

$$\text{Rule: } S(x, y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{6}x, 4y\right)$$

or

$$\left(\frac{x}{6}, 4y\right)$$

- Horizontal shrink by  $\frac{1}{6}$
- Vertical stretch by 4

- ★ multiplication in rule is division in equation
- ★ Division in rule is multiplication in equation

### Additional Example 2

The line  $41x - 29y = 700$  contains the points  $(39, 31)$  and  $(10, -10)$ . Use this information to obtain two points on the line with equation  $20.5x - 87y = 700$ .

Change  $41x - 29y = 700$  to get  $20.5x - 87y = 700$

$\downarrow$  Divide by 2       $\rightarrow$  Multiply by 3

$$\frac{41}{2}x - (3)(29)y = 700$$

$$\frac{x}{2} - 3y = 700 \rightarrow -3y = -\frac{x}{2} + 700$$

$$S(x, y) \rightarrow \left(2x, \frac{y}{3}\right)$$

$$(39, 31) \rightarrow \left(2(39), \frac{31}{3}\right) \rightarrow (78, 10.\bar{3})$$

$$(10, -10) \rightarrow \left(2(10), \frac{-10}{3}\right) \rightarrow (20, -3.\bar{3})$$