

\*Interpret the following:  $A \cup B$  Union  $A \cap B$  intersection

1) Consider the sample space when 2 fair 6-sided dice are tossed.

a) Find  $P(\text{the sum is } 9)$

9:  $\{(3,6), (4,5), (5,4), (6,3)\}$

$$\frac{4}{36}$$

b) Find  $P(\text{the sum is } 8 \text{ or the first die is a } 4)$

8:  $\{(2,6), (3,5), (4,4), (5,3), (6,2)\}$

4:  $\{(4,1), (4,2), (4,3), (4,4), (4,5), (4,6)\}$

$$P(8) + P(4) - P(\text{both})$$

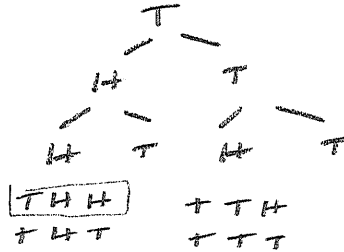
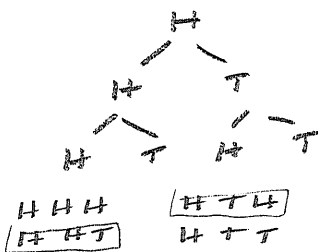
$$\frac{5}{36} + \frac{6}{36} - \frac{1}{36} = \frac{10}{36}$$

2) Let A be the event: It's raining. Describe the complement of A.

NOT raining

3) Consider an experiment in which a coin is tossed 3 times.

a) Write the experiment's sample space.



b) What is the probability of exactly 2 heads showing up?

$$\frac{3}{8}$$

4) A test has 11 true-false questions and 13 multiple-choice questions, each with 4 choices. What is the probability of answering all questions correctly if you randomly guess on each?

$$\frac{1}{2^{11} \cdot 4^{13}} = \frac{1}{1.37 \times 10^{11}} = 7.28 \times 10^{-12}$$

5) There are 8 trophies to display on a shelf.

a) How many ways can the 8 trophies be arranged?

$$8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 40,320$$

b) How many ways can the trophies be arranged if the tallest trophy must be displayed in the middle?

first

$$\underline{1} \quad \underline{7} \quad \underline{6} \quad \underline{5} \quad \underline{4} \quad \underline{3} \quad \underline{2} \quad \underline{1} = 5040$$